

# SOUTH AFRICAN COUNCIL FOR EDUCATORS ACT NO. 31 OF 2000

[ASSENTED TO 26 JULY, 2000]  
[DATE OF COMMENCEMENT: 2 AUGUST, 2000]

*(English text signed by the President)*

This Act has been updated to *Government Gazette* 34620 dated 19 September, 2011.

## as amended by

Education Laws Amendment Act, [No. 31 of 2007](#)

Basic Education Laws Amendment Act, [No. 15 of 2011](#)

## ACT

To provide for the continued existence of the South African Council for Educators; to provide anew for the functions of the said council; and to provide anew for the composition of the said council; and to provide for matters incidental thereto.

### ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

#### CHAPTER 1

##### INTERPRETATION AND OBJECTS OF ACT

- [1.](#) Definitions
- [2.](#) Objects of Act
- [3.](#) Application of Act

#### CHAPTER 2

##### CONTINUATION, POWERS AND DUTIES, COMPOSITION AND GOVERNANCE OF COUNCIL

- [4.](#) Continuation of council
- [5.](#) Powers and duties of council
- [6.](#) Composition of council
- [7.](#) Chairperson and deputy chairperson of council
- [8.](#) Term of office of members
- [9.](#) Termination of office of chairperson, deputy chairperson or member
- [10.](#) Filling of vacancies
- [11.](#) Executive committee
- [12.](#) Registration committee
- [13.](#) Professional development committee
- [14.](#) Disciplinary committee
- [15.](#) Committees of council
- [16.](#) Meetings, and procedure at meetings of council and committees
- [17.](#) Appointment and functions of chief executive officer and staff
- [18.](#) Remuneration and allowances of members of council and committees
- [19.](#) Funds of council
- [20.](#) Annual report

#### CHAPTER 3

##### REGISTRATION OF EDUCATORS

- [21.](#) Compulsory registration of educators
- [22.](#) Application for registration
- [23.](#) Removal of name from register
- [24.](#) Registration certificates

CHAPTER 4  
GENERAL

- 25. Transitional provisions
- 26. Information to be furnished to council
- 27. Offences and penalties
- 28. Repeal of law
- 29. Short title

CHAPTER 1  
INTERPRETATION AND OBJECTS OF ACT

**1. Definitions.**—In this Act, unless the context indicates otherwise—

“**adult learning centre**” means a public or private centre which provides basic education to adults and of which the educators are employed in terms of the Employment of Educators Act, 1998 ([Act No. 76 of 1998](#));

“**council**” means the South African Council for Educators referred to in [section 4](#);

“**educator**” means any person referred to in [section 3](#) and who teaches, educates or trains other persons or who provides professional educational services, including professional therapy and educational psychological services, at an institution;

“**further education and training institution**” . . . . .

[Definition of “[further education and training institution](#)” deleted by [s. 19 of Act No. 31 of 2007](#).]

Wording of Sections

“**institution**” means any school contemplated in the South African Schools Act, 1996 ([Act No. 84 of 1996](#));

[Definition of “[institution](#)” substituted by [s.18 \(a\) of Act No. 15 of 2011](#).]

Wording of Sections

“**member**” means a member of the council appointed in terms of [section 6](#);

“**Minister**” means the Minister of Basic Education;

[Definition of “[Minister](#)” substituted by [s.18 \(b\) of Act No. 15 of 2011](#).]

Wording of Sections

“**organised profession**” means all trade unions or federations of trade unions which are members of the Education Labour Relations Council;

“**school**” means a public or independent school defined in [section 1](#) of the South African Schools Act, 1996 ([Act No. 84 of 1996](#)).

<b>Wording of Sections</b>	<b>x</b>
def: <a href="#">further education and training institution</a> of Act 31 of 2000 prior to amendment by <a href="#">Act 31 of 2007</a>	
<b>Wording of Sections</b>	<b>x</b>
def: <a href="#">institution</a> of Act 31 of 2000 prior to amendment by <a href="#">Act 15 of 2011</a>	
<b>Wording of Sections</b>	<b>x</b>
def: <a href="#">Minister</a> of Act 31 of 2000 prior to amendment by <a href="#">Act 15 of 2011</a>	

**2. Objects of Act.**—The objects of this Act are—

- (a) to provide for the registration of educators;
- (b)

to promote the professional development of educators; and

- (c) to set, maintain and protect ethical and professional standards for educators, by means of the functioning of the council.

**3. Application of Act.**—This Act applies to all educators, lecturers and management staff of colleges appointed—

- (a) in terms of the Employment of Educators Act, 1998 ([Act No. 76 of 1998](#));
- (b) in terms of the South African Schools Act, 1996 ([Act No. 84 of 1996](#));
- (c) in terms of the Further Education and Training Colleges Act, 2006 ([Act No. 16 of 2006](#));
- (d) in terms of the Public Service Act, 1994 ([Proclamation 103 of 1994](#));
- (e) at an independent school; or
- (f) at an adult learning centre.

[[S. 3](#) substituted by [s. 20](#) of [Act No. 31 of 2007](#).]

[Wording of Sections](#)

CHAPTER 2  
CONTINUATION, POWERS AND DUTIES, COMPOSITION AND GOVERNANCE OF COUNCIL

Wording of Sections	
<a href="#">s. 3</a> of Act 31 of 2000 prior to amendment by <a href="#">Act 31 of 2007</a>	X

**4. Continuation of council.**—The South African Council for Educators referred to in [section 27](#) of the Employment of Educators Act, 1998 ([Act No. 76 of 1998](#)), continues to exist as a juristic person despite the repeal of that section by [section 28](#) of this Act.

**5. Powers and duties of council.**—Subject to this Act and the National Education Policy Act, 1996 ([Act No. 27 of 1996](#)), the council—

- (a) with regard to the registration of educators—
- (i) must determine minimum criteria and procedures for registration or provisional registration;
- (ii) must consider and decide on any application for registration or provisional registration;
- (iii) must keep a register of the names of all persons who are registered or provisionally registered;

(iv)  
must determine the form and contents of the registers and certificates to be kept, maintained or issued in terms of this Act, the periods within which they must be reviewed and the manner in which alterations thereto may be effected; and

(v)  
may prescribe the period of validity of the registration or provisional registration;

(b) with regard to the promotion and development of the education and training profession—

(i)  
must promote, develop and maintain a professional image;

(ii)  
must advise the Minister on matters relating to the education and training of educators, including but not limited to—

(aa) the minimum requirements for entry to all the levels of the profession;

(bb) the standards of programmes of pre-service and in-service educator education;

(cc) the requirements for promotion within the education system;

(dd) educator professionalism;

(iii)  
must research and develop a professional development policy;

(iv)  
must manage a system for the promotion of the continuing professional development of all educators;

[[Sub-para. \(iv\)](#) substituted by [s. 19](#) of [Act No. 15 of 2011](#).]

[Wording of Sections](#)

(v)  
may develop resource materials to initiate and run, in consultation with an employer, training programmes, workshops, seminars and short courses that are designed to enhance the profession;

(vi)  
may compile, print and distribute a professional journal and other publications;

(vii)  
may establish a professional assistance facility for educators;

(c) with regard to professional ethics—

(i)  
must compile, maintain and from time to time review a code of professional ethics for educators who are registered or provisionally registered with the council;

(ii)  
must determine a fair hearing procedure;

(iii)

subject to [subparagraph \(ii\)](#), may—

- (aa) caution or reprimand;
  - (bb) impose a fine not exceeding one month's salary on; or
  - (cc) remove from the register for a specified period or indefinitely, or subject to specific conditions, the name of,  
an educator found guilty of a breach of the code of professional ethics; and
- (iv)
- may suspend a sanction imposed under [subparagraph \(iii\) \(bb\)](#) or [\(cc\)](#) for a period and on conditions determined by the council;

(d) with regard to fees—

- (i) must, in consultation with the Minister, determine fees payable to the council by registered educators and educators applying for registration;
- (ii) may require from the relevant employers to deduct fees from the salaries of educators and to pay it over to the council;
- (iii) may, after a fair hearing—
  - (aa) caution or reprimand; or
  - (bb) remove from the register for a specified period or indefinitely, or subject to specific conditions, the name of,  
an educator found guilty of failing to pay the fees determined by the council; and
- (iv) may suspend a sanction imposed under [subparagraph \(iii\) \(bb\)](#) for a period and on conditions determined by the council; and

(e) in general—

- (i) must advise the Minister on any educational aspect which the Minister may request it to advise on;
- (ii) may appoint staff and determine their conditions of service;
- (iii) may establish committees and assign duties to them;
- (iv) must perform any duty which is necessary for the proper functioning of the council; and
- (v) may advise the Minister on any relevant educational aspect.

## Wording of Sections

x

[s 5\(b\)\(iv\)](#) of Act 31 of 2000 prior to amendment by [Act 15 of 2011](#)

**6. Composition of council.**—(1) The council consists of the following members, appointed by the Minister with due consideration to representation in respect of race, gender, disability and geographic distribution:

- (a) The chairperson, subject to [section 7](#);
- (b) 14 educators and 4 lecturers collectively nominated by the organised profession;  
[[Para. \(b\)](#) substituted by [s. 21 \(a\)](#) of [Act No. 31 of 2007](#).]  
[Wording of Sections](#)
- (c) five persons nominated by the Department of Education;
- (d) two persons nominated by the national associations representing school governing bodies contemplated in [section 20 \(3\)](#) of the South African Schools Act, 1996 ([Act No. 84 of 1996](#));
- (e) one person nominated by the Council on Higher Education established by [section 4](#) of the Higher Education Act, 1997 ([Act No. 101 of 1997](#));
- (f) one person nominated by the councils contemplated in [section 9](#) of the Further Education and Training Colleges Act, 2006 ([Act No. 16 of 2006](#));  
[[Para. \(f\)](#) substituted by [s. 21 \(b\)](#) of [Act No. 31 of 2007](#).]  
[Wording of Sections](#)
- (g) one person nominated by national bodies representing independent or private institutions recognised by the Minister; and
- (h) the chief executive officer of the council, subject to [section 17](#).

(2) The members referred to in [subsection \(1\) \(b\)](#) must be educators, lecturers and principals employed at or in the following institutions or sectors:

- (a) A public ordinary school;
- (b) an independent school;
- (c) a public further education and training college;
- (d) a private further education and training college;
- (e) early childhood development sector;
- (f) an adult learning centre; or
- (g) the learners with special education needs sector.  
[[Sub-s. \(2\)](#) substituted by [s. 21 \(c\)](#) of [Act No. 31 of 2007](#).]  
[Wording of Sections](#)

(3) If the organised profession is unable to reach agreement collectively with regard to the 18 nominations referred to in [subsection \(1\)\(b\)](#), the Minister must appoint 18 members from the nominations by individual organisations from the organised profession.

(4) When any nomination becomes necessary in terms of [subsection \(1\)](#), the council must invite the relevant bodies or authorities in writing to nominate persons who qualify for nomination within a specified period of at least 30 days.

(5) No person may be nominated or appointed as a member of the council if that person—

(a)

is removed from an office of trust by a court of law; or

(b)

is convicted of an offence involving dishonesty or an offence for which the sentence imposed is imprisonment without the option of a fine.

(6) If the council receives any nomination it must, within 30 days after the expiry date specified in the invitation, submit the nomination to the Minister.

(7) If the council receives no nominations or receives insufficient nominations within the period specified in the invitation, the Minister may, after consultation with the council, appoint persons who meet the requirements up to the number required, as members.

(8) The Minister must by notice in the *Gazette*, as soon as practicable after the appointment of the members, publish the name of every person appointed as a member, together with the date from which the appointment takes effect and the period for which the appointment is made.

<b>Wording of Sections</b>	<b>x</b>
<a href="#">s 6(1)(b)</a> of Act 31 of 2000 prior to amendment by <a href="#">Act 31 of 2007</a>	
<b>Wording of Sections</b>	<b>x</b>
<a href="#">s 6(1)(f)</a> of Act 31 of 2000 prior to amendment by <a href="#">Act 31 of 2007</a>	
<b>Wording of Sections</b>	<b>x</b>
<a href="#">s 6(2)</a> of Act 31 of 2000 prior to amendment by <a href="#">Act 31 of 2007</a>	

**7. Chairperson and deputy chairperson of council.**—(1) (a) At the first meeting in a new term of office of members, the members must nominate five persons, of whom one must be appointed by the Minister as chairperson.

(b) A person who is not a member may be nominated by the council for appointment as chairperson.

(2) The chief executive officer must act as chairperson until such time as a chairperson is appointed.

(3) After the appointment of the chairperson by the Minister, the members must elect one of their number as deputy chairperson of the council to act as chairperson when the chairperson is not available.

(4) The chairperson and deputy chairperson hold office during the term of office of the members.

(5) In the event of the chairperson being appointed from the members of the council, the vacancy that arises must be filled in accordance with [section 10](#).

(6) Whenever both the chairperson and the deputy chairperson are not available, the members must, from among themselves, elect a member to act as chairperson.

**8. Term of office of members.**—Subject to [section 10 \(2\)](#), all members, excluding the chief executive officer, hold office for a period of four years.

**9. Termination of office of chairperson, deputy chairperson or member.**—The term of office of the chairperson, deputy chairperson or any other member is terminated if the member—

- (a) resigns by giving notice in writing to the Minister and the council;
- (b) is absent from three consecutive meetings of the council or from a committee of which the member is a member without leave of the relevant chairperson, or in the case of the chairperson, the leave of the executive committee of the council;
- (c) brings the council or the profession into disrepute;
- (d) no longer meets the requirements referred to in [section 6 \(1\)](#) and [\(2\)](#);
- (e)
  - (i) is declared insolvent;
  - (ii) is removed from an office of trust by a court of law;
  - (iii) is convicted of an offence involving dishonesty or an offence for which the sentence imposed is imprisonment without the option of a fine; or
  - (iv) is declared by a competent court to be of an unsound mind or under a legal disability.

**10. Filling of vacancies.**—(1) If the term of office of a member is terminated in terms of [section 9](#), the vacancy must be filled, with the necessary changes, in accordance with [section 6](#).

(2) The term of office of a member appointed in terms of [subsection \(1\)](#), is the remainder of the term of office of the relevant predecessor.

(3) (a) If the office of chairperson becomes vacant in terms of [section 9](#), the remaining members and the Minister must act in accordance with [section 7 \(1\)](#).

(b) The person so appointed as chairperson holds office for the remainder of the term of office of the relevant predecessor.

**11. Executive committee.**—(1) The executive committee of the council consists of—

- (a) the chairperson of the council, who is the chairperson of the committee;
- (b) six other members appointed by the council of whom at least one is a member referred to in [section 6 \(1\) \(c\)](#); and
- (c) the chief executive officer.

(2) The council must, subject to this Act, determine the functions of the executive committee.

(3) A decision of the executive committee is regarded as a decision of the council, unless the decision is revoked by the council at its ensuing meeting.

(4) Anything done in implementing the decision of the executive committee before it is revoked by the council, is not invalid by reason only of the fact that the decision is subsequently revoked by the council.

**12. Registration committee.**—(1) The registration committee of the council consists of—

- (a) the chairperson, who is a member of, and appointed by, the council;
- (b) four other members appointed by the council; and
- (c) the chief executive officer.

(2) Subject to [Chapter 3](#), the registration committee must—

- (a) consider and make recommendations to the council on minimum criteria and procedures for the registration or provisional registration of educators;
- (b) consider and make recommendations to the council on any application for registration or provisional registration;
- (c) recommend the period of validity of the registration of an educator to the council; and
- (d) exercise or perform any other power or duty delegated or assigned to it by the council.

(3) The registration committee must keep a record of its proceedings.

**13. Professional development committee.**—(1) The professional development committee of the council consists of—

- (a) the chairperson, who is a member of, and appointed by, the council;
- (b) four other members appointed by the council, of whom at least one must be a member referred to in [section 6 \(1\) \(c\)](#); and
- (c) the chief executive officer.

(2) The professional development committee must, subject to this Act—

- (a) consider and make recommendations to the council in relation to powers and duties contemplated in [section 5 \(b\)](#); and
- (b) exercise or perform any other power or duty delegated or assigned to it by the council.

(3) The professional development committee must keep a record of its proceedings.

**14. Disciplinary committee.**—(1) The disciplinary committee of the council consists of—

- (a) the deputy chairperson of the council, who is the chairperson of the committee;
- (b) four other members appointed by the council, of whom at least one must be a member referred to in [section 6 \(1\) \(c\)](#); and
- (c) the chief executive officer.

(2) The disciplinary committee must—

- (a) compose, maintain and from time to time review a code of professional ethics;
- (b) ensure that an alleged breach of the code of professional ethics is investigated;
- (c) establish panels to investigate and hear complaints against educators;
- (d) ensure that a fair hearing, in accordance with the procedure determined by the council in terms of [section 5 \(c\) \(ii\)](#), is conducted;
- (e) on the basis of a recommendation of the relevant panel, recommend a finding and appropriate action, if any, to the council; and
- (f) exercise or perform any other power or duty delegated or assigned to it by the council.

(3) A relevant panel must make a recommendation to the disciplinary committee in regard to a finding, and, if any, disciplinary action concerning a complaint referred to it.

(4) For the purposes of the investigation and hearing, a panel may summon any person who—

- (a) may be able to give information of material importance concerning the subject of the investigation or hearing; or
- (b) has possession, custody or control of or over any book, document or object which may have a bearing on the matter,

to appear before the panel and to produce the book, document or object, if any.

(5) The summons must be in a form prescribed by the council and be signed by the chairperson of the disciplinary committee or the chief executive officer and be served on a person by way of—

- (a) delivery by hand;
- (b) telefax; or
- (c) registered post.

(6) The date on which the summons is served is regarded as, in a case of—

- (a) service by hand, the date of delivery;
- (b) service by telefax, the dispatching date reflected on the telefax; and

(c) service by registered post, the date on which the letter was signed for, in the absence of proof to the contrary.

(7) The disciplinary committee and a panel must keep a record of the proceedings of every investigation and disciplinary hearing.

**15. Committees of council.**—(1) The council may establish other committees to assist in the performance of its functions and may co-opt other persons to attend committee meetings on the basis of their expertise.

(2) Any committee, other than the executive committee, may include persons who are not members of the council.

(3) Subject to [sections 11](#) and [14](#) the chairperson of a committee must be appointed by the council from among its members.

(4) Members of committees referred to in [subsection \(1\)](#) may be appointed for such period as the council may determine.

(5) Members of a panel referred to in [section 14 \(2\) \(c\)](#) need not be members of the council.

**16. Meetings, and procedure at meetings of council and committees.**—(1) The council must hold at least two meetings during each calendar year at its head office, and may in addition hold such other meetings as the chairperson of the council may determine.

(2) The council may make rules relating to the procedure at meetings of the council and its committees, and on any other matter necessary for the performance of its functions.

(3) A majority of the members of the council or a committee constitutes a quorum at any meeting of the council or committee.

(4) (a) A decision of the majority of the members of the council or of a committee present at any meeting constitutes a decision of the council or committee.

(b) In the event of an equality of votes, the presiding member has a casting vote in addition to a deliberative vote.

(5) A decision taken by the council or a committee is not invalid by reason only of a vacancy on the council or a committee, as the case may be, at the time when the decision was taken.

**17. Appointment and functions of chief executive officer and staff.**—(1) The council must appoint a chief executive officer and may appoint other employees as it may deem necessary to assist it in the performance of its functions.

(2) The chief executive officer is the accounting officer of the council.

(3) The chief executive officer is, subject to the directions and in accordance with the policy of the council, responsible for the—

(a) formation and development of an efficient administration;

(b) organisation, control, management and discipline of the staff; and

(c) implementation of the decisions of the council.

(4) As accounting officer the chief executive officer is responsible for—

- (a) all income and expenditure of the council;
- (b) all assets and the discharging of all liabilities of the council; and
- (c) the proper and diligent implementation of the operational plans of the council.

(5) The council is the employer and must determine the conditions of service of its employees.

**18. Remuneration and allowances of members of council and committees.**—The chairperson of the council, the deputy chairperson, every member and any person appointed as a member of a committee or panel who is not in the service of the State may, in respect of services rendered by them in connection with the affairs of the council, a committee or panel, be paid by the council—

- (a) such travelling, subsistence and other allowances; and
- (b) in the case of the chairperson of the council, such additional remuneration,

as the council may determine.

**19. Funds of council.**—(1) The funds of the council consist of—

- (a) compulsory fees;
- (aA) money appropriated by Parliament;  
[[Para. \(aA\)](#) inserted by [s. 20](#) of [Act No. 15 of 2011](#).]
- (b) money received from donations, contributions, interest or fines; and
- (c) other money received by the council from any other source.

(2) The council—

- (a) must during each financial year, at such time and in such manner as the Minister may determine, submit to the Minister for approval a detailed statement of its estimated income and expenditure for the ensuing financial year;
- (b) may during any financial year submit to the Minister for approval adjusted statements of its estimated income and expenditure; and
- (c) may not incur any expenditure which exceeds the total amount approved in terms of [paragraphs \(a\)](#) and [\(b\)](#).

(3) If the Minister does not approve the statement of estimated income and expenditure of the council, the Minister must request the council to submit a revised statement of its estimated income and expenditure within a specified period.

(4) (a) The funds contemplated in [subsection \(1\)](#) must be used by the council in accordance with the approved statement referred to in [subsection \(2\)](#).

(b) Any unexpended balance must be carried forward as a credit to the following financial year.

(5) Subject to [subsection \(4\)](#), the council may invest any portion of its funds in such manner as the council may approve.

(6) The books of account and financial statements of the council must be audited at the end of each financial year by a chartered accountant registered in terms of the Public Accountants' and Auditors' Act, 1991 ([Act No. 80 of 1991](#)), appointed by the council.

(7) A copy of the audited financial statements must be submitted to the Minister within three months after the end of the council's financial year.

#### Repealed Act

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Act 80 of 1991 has been repealed by [s 58](#) of [Act 26 of 2005](#)

**20. Annual report.**—(1) The council must, within three months after the end of each financial year, submit a report to the Minister on the performance of its functions during that financial year.

(2) The Minister must table the report in Parliament as soon as is reasonably practicable.

### CHAPTER 3 REGISTRATION OF EDUCATORS

**21. Compulsory registration of educators.**—(1) A person who qualifies for registration in terms of this Act must register with the council prior to being appointed as an educator.

(2) No person may be employed as an educator by any employer unless the person is registered with the council.

**22. Application for registration.**—(1) (a) An application for registration must be made to the council in the manner and form determined by the council.

(b) The applicant must submit the documentation and information required by the council together with the registration fee referred to in [section 5 \(d\) \(i\)](#).

(2) The council must consider an application for registration in terms of the requirements for registration determined by the council.

(3) If an applicant for registration satisfies the requirements referred to in [subsection \(1\)](#), the council must register the applicant and issue a registration certificate to the educator.

(4) If an applicant does not satisfy all the requirements but the council is of the opinion that the requirements will be satisfied within a reasonable time, the council may register the applicant provisionally on such conditions as the council may determine.

(5) When an educator who is provisionally registered as contemplated in [subsection \(4\)](#) satisfies all the requirements for registration and the conditions referred to in that subsection, the council must register the educator in accordance with [subsection \(3\)](#).

(6) If an educator referred to in [subsection \(4\)](#) does not satisfy the requirements for registration within the period specified, the provisional registration lapses and the name of the person is removed from the register.

(7) The period for which an educator is provisionally registered may be extended by the council, and different conditions in respect of different applicants may be determined if there is a reasonable basis for the differentiation.

(8) Different categories of registration may be determined by the council—

- (a) to allow for special circumstances of different sectors in education; or
- (b) if there is a reasonable basis for such differentiation.

**23. Removal of name from register.**—(1) The council may direct the chief executive officer to remove the name of an educator from the register if—

- (a) after having been registered, the relevant qualification of the educator is withdrawn or cancelled by the higher education institution which issued it;
- (b) the educator was registered by error or by means of fraud;
- (c) the educator was found guilty of a breach of the code of professional ethics;
- (d) the educator requests de-registration, permanently or for a specified period;
- (e) the educator fails to pay the fees prescribed by the council within a specified period; or
- (f) the educator dies.

(2) Notice of the removal of the name of an educator from the register must be given by the chief executive officer to the educator concerned by way of certified mail addressed to the relevant address appearing in the register.

(3) The name of an educator contemplated in [subsection \(1\) \(a\), \(b\), \(c\) and \(e\)](#) may not be removed from the register unless the educator was given a reasonable opportunity to make representations to the council.

(4) As from the date on which notice contemplated in [subsection \(2\)](#) has been given to the educator any registration certificate issued to the educator concerned is regarded to be cancelled.

**24. Registration certificates.**—(1) A registration certificate must be issued and sent to the educator upon registration by the council.

(2) If the chief executive officer is satisfied, on proof submitted by a registered educator, that a registration certificate has been destroyed or lost, a duplicate registration certificate must be issued to that educator upon payment of the fee prescribed by the council.

#### CHAPTER 4 GENERAL

**25. Transitional provisions.**—(1) The terms of office of the members of the council in office immediately prior to the commencement of this Act, expire on the day prior to the date on which the appointment of the members takes effect in terms of [section 6 \(8\)](#).

(2) Any function performed by the council prior to the commencement of this Act, is regarded to have been performed in terms of the corresponding provision of this Act.

(3) Despite the provisions of [subsection \(2\)](#), any disciplinary proceedings instituted against an educator for an alleged breach of the code of professional ethics prior to the commencement of

this Act must be continued and concluded in terms of the procedure determined in terms of [Chapter 6](#) of the Employment of Educators Act, 1998 ([Act No. 76 of 1998](#)).

(4) The constitution, registration procedure, code of professional ethics and other procedures of the council existing immediately prior to the commencement of this Act, remain in force until amended or repealed by the council under this Act, except where they are in conflict with the provisions of this Act.

(5) The compulsory registration fees and other fees payable to the council immediately prior to the commencement of this Act, remain in force until amended or repealed by the council under this Act.

(6) The agreements of employment existing immediately prior to the commencement of this Act between the employees of the council, and the council, continue to exist subject to applicable labour law.

(7) Practising educators to whom the provisions of the Employment of Educators Act, 1998 ([Act No. 76 of 1998](#)), do not apply and who are required in terms of this Act to register are, subject to [subsection \(8\)](#), regarded to be provisionally registered with the council, irrespective of their qualifications.

(8) Provisional registration contemplated in [subsection \(7\)](#) remains valid until a date determined by the Minister, prior to which date the educators concerned must apply for and obtain registration in terms of [Chapter 3](#) in order to remain registered.

**26. Information to be furnished to council.**—(1) A higher education institution and the employer of an educator must furnish the council, at its request, with such information as is reasonably required by the council for the performance of its functions.

(2) In each case where disciplinary steps are taken against any educator by the employer resulting in a sanction other than a caution or reprimand, a certified summary of the record of the proceedings at the hearing and of the sanction imposed must be forwarded to the council by such employer.

**27. Offences and penalties.**—Any person who—

- (a) has been duly summoned under [section 14 \(5\)](#) and who fails without sufficient cause—
  - (i) to attend at the time and place specified in the summons; or
  - (ii) to remain in attendance until excused by the panel from further attendance;
- (b) refuses to be sworn or to affirm as a witness; or
- (c) fails without sufficient cause—
  - (i) to answer fully and satisfactorily any question lawfully put to that person; or
  - (ii) to produce any book, document or object in that person's possession or custody or under that person's control which that person was required to produce in terms of the said [section 14 \(5\)](#),

is guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months.

**28. Repeal of law.**—[Chapter 6](#) of the Employment of Educators Act, 1998 ([Act No. 76 of 1998](#)), is hereby repealed.

**29. Short title.**—This Act is called the South African Council for Educators Act, 2000.