



Education and Sport Development

Department of Education and Sport Development
Departement van Onderwys en Sport Ontwikkeling
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NORTH WEST PROVINCE

GRADE 10

MATHEMATICS PAPER2

MID – YEAR EXAMINATION 2018

MEMORANDUM

MARKS: 75

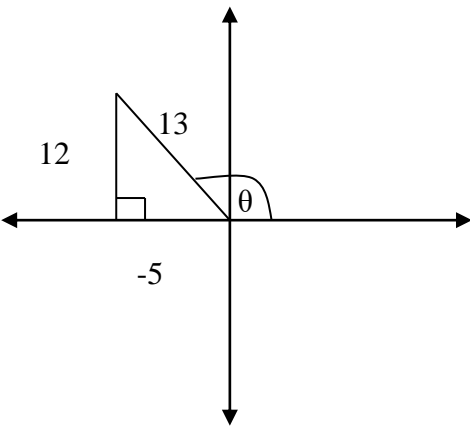
This memorandum consists of 7 pages

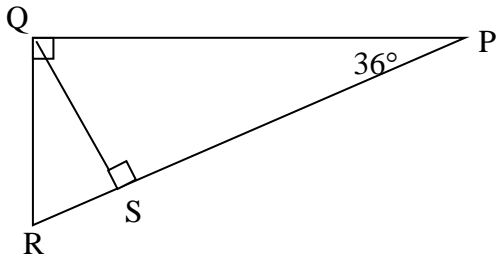
QUESTION 1

1.1	$\sin\theta + \sec\alpha$ $= \sin 47,5^\circ + \sec 50,3^\circ$ $= \sin 47,5^\circ + \frac{1}{\cos 50,3^\circ}$ $= 2.30$ <p>ANSWER ONLY: Full marks</p>	✓ substitution ✓ $\frac{1}{\cos 50,3^\circ}$ ✓ answer (3)
1.2.1	$2\sin x = 2$ $\sin x = 1$ $x = 90^\circ$	✓ division by 2 ✓ answer (2)
1.2.2	$\cos(x - 11^\circ) + 1 = 1,79^\circ$ $\cos(x - 11^\circ) = 0,79^\circ$ $x - 11^\circ = 37,8144^\circ$ $x = 48,81^\circ$	✓ transposing ✓ simplification ✓ answer (3)
1.3.1	$\sqrt{24 + \tan^2 45^\circ}$ $= \sqrt{24 + 1}$ $= 5$	✓ 1 ✓ answer (2)
1.3.2	$\frac{\sin 60^\circ \cdot \sec 60^\circ \cdot \cot 30^\circ}{\sin 45^\circ}$ $\frac{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot 2 \cdot \sqrt{3}}{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}}$ $\frac{6}{\sqrt{3}}$	✓ $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ ✓ 2 ✓ $\sqrt{3}$ ✓ $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ or $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ ✓ answer (5)

[15]

QUESTION 2

<p>2.1</p>	 $\cos\theta - \sin\theta$ $= \frac{-5}{13} - \frac{12}{13}$ $= -\frac{17}{13}$	<p>✓ correct quad ✓ $r = 13$</p> <p>✓ $\frac{-5}{13}$</p> <p>✓ $\frac{12}{13}$</p> <p>✓ answer</p> <p>(5)</p>
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<p>2.2</p>		
<p>2.2.1</p>	$\cos 36^\circ = \frac{PS}{PQ}$ $\cos 36^\circ = \frac{PQ}{PR}$	<p>✓ answer</p> <p>✓ answer</p> <p>(2)</p>
<p>2.2.2</p>	$\tan 36^\circ = \frac{QS}{PS}$ $\tan 36^\circ = \frac{QS}{9,5}$ $QS = 9,5 \tan 36^\circ$ $QS = 6,9\text{cm}$	<p>✓ ratio</p> <p>✓ subs of 9,5</p> <p>✓ simplification</p> <p>✓ answer</p> <p>(4)</p>
<p>2.2.3</p>	$\sin 54^\circ = \frac{SP}{QP}$	<p>✓ answer</p> <p>(1)</p> <p>[12]</p>

QUESTION 3

<p>3.1</p>	$\sin \beta = \frac{opp}{hyp}$ $\sin \beta = \frac{122}{1200}$ $\beta = 6^\circ$ <p>Answer only: full marks</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ ratio ✓ Substitution ✓ Answer <p style="text-align: right;">(3)</p>
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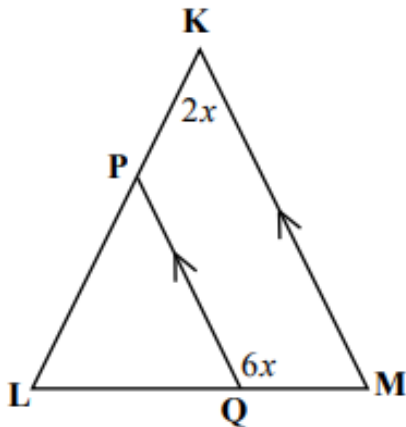
<p>3.2.1</p>	$\cos 15^\circ = \frac{QT}{72}$ $QT = 72 \cos 15^\circ$ $QT = 69,55 \text{ cm}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ substitution into the correct ratio ✓ simplification ✓ answer <p style="text-align: right;">(3)</p>
<p>3.2.2</p>	$\cos 35^\circ = \frac{QT}{TR}$ $TR = \frac{69,55}{\cos 35^\circ}$ $TR = 84,90 \text{ cm}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ substitution into the correct ratio ✓ simplification ✓ answer <p style="text-align: right;">(3)</p>

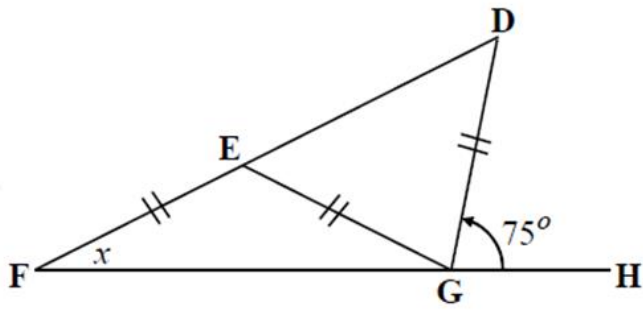
[9]

QUESTION 4

<p>4.1</p>		<p><i>f</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ y – intercept ✓ x – intercept ✓ shape <p><i>g</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ y – intercept ✓ x – intercept ✓ shape <p style="text-align: right;">6</p>
<p>4.2</p>	<p>$0^{\circ} \leq x \leq 360^{\circ}$</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ notation ✓ end points <p style="text-align: right;">2</p>
<p>4.3</p>	<p>$y \in [0; 2]$</p> <p>OR</p> <p>$0 \leq y \leq 2$</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ notation ✓ end points <p style="text-align: right;">2</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[10]</p>

QUESTION 5

		
<p>5.1</p>	<p>$\hat{L} = \hat{M}$ (\angles opp = sides)</p> <p>$\hat{L} + \hat{M} + 2x = 180^\circ$ (Σ of \angles of a Δ)</p> <p>$2M + 2x = 180^\circ$</p> <p>$\hat{M} = 90^\circ - x$</p> <p>$6x + 90^\circ - x = 180^\circ$ (co-int \angles $PQ \parallel KM$)</p> <p>$5x = 90^\circ$</p> <p>$x = 18^\circ$</p>	<p>✓ R ✓ S ✓ R</p> <p>✓ value of \hat{M}</p> <p>✓ S ✓ R</p> <p>✓ answer</p> <p>(7)</p>

<p>5.2</p>		
<p>5.2.1</p>	<p>$\hat{E}GF = x$ (\angles opp = sides/EF = EG)</p>	<p>✓ S ✓ R</p> <p>(2)</p>
<p>5.2.2</p>	<p>$\hat{G}ED = \hat{G}DE = 2x$ (Ext \angle of a ΔFEG)</p> <p>$\hat{F} + \hat{D} = \hat{D}GH$ (Ext \angle of a ΔDGF)</p> <p>$x + 2x = 75^\circ$ ✓</p> <p>$x = 25^\circ$</p>	<p>✓ value of \hat{FEG}</p> <p>✓ S ✓ R</p> <p>✓ substitution</p> <p>✓ answer (5) [14]</p>

QUESTION 6

<p>6.1</p>		
<p>6.1.1</p>	<p>$\triangle DOC$ and $\triangle BOA$ $OC = OA$ (given) $\hat{D}CO = \hat{B}AO$ (alter...\angles) $\hat{D}OC = \hat{BOA}$ (vert...opp) $\therefore \triangle DOC \cong \triangle BOA$ (AAS) $\therefore AB = DC$</p>	<p>✓ S/R ✓ S ✓ R ✓ S/R ✓ S/R ✓ conclusion (6)</p>
<p>6.1.2</p>	<p>$OD = OB$ ($DOC \cong \triangle BOA$) \therefore Diagonals bisect each other</p>	<p>✓ S ✓ R (2)</p>
<p>7.2</p>	<p>$PQ^2 = PT^2 + QT^2$ $10^2 = 8^2 + QT^2$ $QT^2 = 100 - 64$ $QT = \sqrt{36}$ $QT = 6$ $TS = 21 - 6$ $TS = 15$ $PS^2 = TS^2 + PT^2$ $PS^2 = 15^2 + 8^2$ $PS = \sqrt{289}$ $PS = 17$ $\therefore \text{Perimeter} = 2(10) + 2(17)$ $= 54\text{cm}$</p>	<p>✓ Pythagoras ✓ substitution ✓ $QT = 6$ ✓ $TS = 15$ ✓ $PS = 17$ ✓ substitution ✓ answer (7) [15]</p>