



## **Education and Sport Development**

Department of Education and Sport Development  
Departement van Onderwys en Sport Ontwikkeling  
Lefapha la Thuto le Tlhabololo ya Metshameko

**NORTH WEST PROVINCE**

**GRADE 11**

**TECHNICAL MATHEMATICS P2/ *TEGNIESE WISKUNDE V2***

**MID-YEAR EXAMINATION 2018/ *HALFJAAR EKSAMEN 2018***

**MARKING GUIDELINE/ *MERKRIGLYNE***

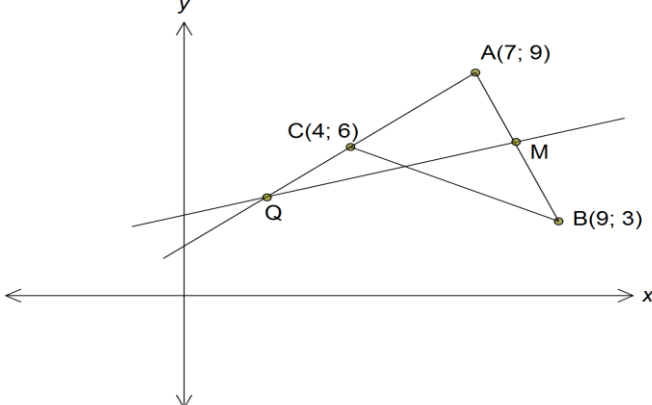
**TOTAL MARKS/ *TOTAL PUNTE*: 100**

**This marking guideline consist of 11 pages./ *Hierdie merkriglyne bestaan uit 11 bladsye.***



NW/JUNE/TEC-MATH/ EMIS/6\*\*\*\*\*

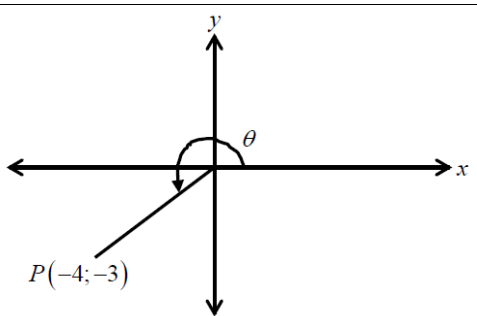
## QUESTION 1

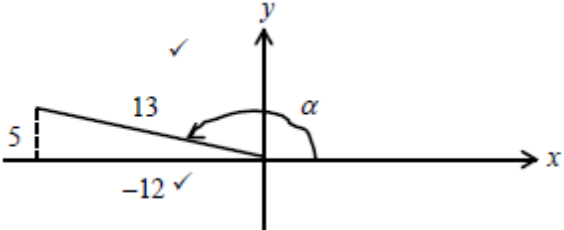
		
1.1	$m_{AB} = \frac{9-3}{7-9}$ $m_{AB} = -3$	$\checkmark m_{AB} = \frac{9-3}{7-9}$ $\checkmark m_{AB} = -3$ <p style="text-align: right;">(2)</p>
1.2	$M\left(\frac{7+9}{2}; \frac{9+3}{2}\right)$ $M(8; 6)$	$\checkmark$ method/ <i>metode</i> $\checkmark$ answer/ <i>antw</i> <p style="text-align: right;">(2)</p>
1.3	$m_{QM} = \frac{1}{3}$ $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$ $y - 6 = \frac{1}{3}(x - 8)$ $y = \frac{1}{3}x + 3\frac{1}{3}$	$\checkmark m_{QM} = \frac{1}{3}$ $\checkmark$ formula/ <i>formulae</i> $\checkmark$ substitution/ <i>substitusie</i> $\checkmark$ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (4)
1.4	$m_{QA} = \frac{9-6}{7-4}$ $= 1$ $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$ $y - 9 = 1(x - 7)$ $y = x + 2$ $\frac{1}{3}x + \frac{10}{3} = x + 2$ $x + 10 = 3x + 6$ $x = 2$ $Q(2; 4)$	$\checkmark$ substitution/ <i>substitusie</i> $\checkmark m_{QA} = 1$ $\checkmark$ substitution/ <i>substitusie</i> $\checkmark y = x + 2$ $\checkmark$ equating 2 graphs/ <i>grafieke gelykstel</i> $\checkmark x = 2$ $\checkmark Q(2; 4)$ <p style="text-align: right;">(7)</p>

1.5	$QA = \sqrt{(9-4)^2 + (7-2)^2}$ $= \sqrt{5^2 + 5^2}$ $= \sqrt{50}$ $QB = \sqrt{(3-4)^2 + (9-2)^2}$ $= \sqrt{(-1)^2 + 7^2}$ $= \sqrt{50}$ $\therefore QA = QB$	✓ substitution/ <i>substitusie</i> ✓ $QA = \sqrt{50}$  ✓ $QB = \sqrt{50}$ (3)
1.6	D( 6; 0)	✓ $x = 6$ ✓ $y = 0$ (2)

**[20]**

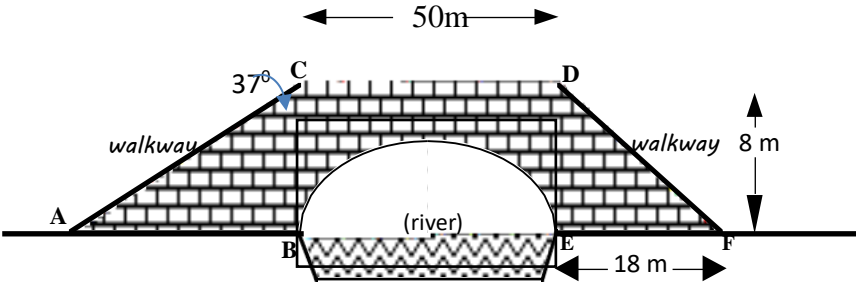
**QUESTION 2**

2.1	$x = 54,73^{\circ}$ and $y = 142,89^{\circ}$	
2.1.1	$\tan(y - x)$ $\tan(142,89^{\circ} - 54,73^{\circ})$ $= \tan 88,16^{\circ}$ $= 31,1$	✓ 31,1 (1)
2.1.2	$\cos 3y$ $= \cos 3(142,89^{\circ})$ $= \cos 428,67^{\circ}$ $= 0,36$	✓ $\cos 428,67^{\circ}$ ✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (2)
2.2		
2.2.1	$\tan \theta = \frac{3}{4}$	✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (1)
2.2.2	$r^2 = (-3)^2 + (-4)^2$ $r^2 = 25$ $r = 5$ $\sin \theta = -\frac{3}{5}$	✓ $r^2 = (-3)^2 + (-4)^2$ ✓ $r = 5$ ✓ $\sin \theta = -\frac{3}{5}$ (3)

<p>2.3</p>	<p><math>\sin \alpha = \frac{5}{13}</math> and <math>\cos \alpha &lt; 0</math>.</p>  <p><math>13^2 = x^2 + 5^2</math>  <math>x^2 = 169 - 25</math>  <math>x^2 = 144</math>  <math>x = \pm 12</math>  <math>\therefore x = -12</math></p> <p><math>\tan \alpha = \frac{5}{-12}</math></p>	<p>✓ sketch/ <i>skets</i></p> <p>✓ Pyth</p> <p>✓ - 12</p> <p>✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (4)</p>
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[11]

QUESTION 3

<p>3.1.1</p>	<p><math>\sin x = 0,234</math>  <math>x = 13,53^\circ</math></p>	<p>✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (1)</p>
<p>3.1.2</p>	<p><math>\cot x = \tan 53^\circ + \sin 233^\circ</math>  <math>\cot x = 0,528</math>  <math>\tan x = 1,892\dots</math>  <math>x = 62,15^\circ</math></p>	<p>✓ <math>\cot \theta = 0,528</math>          ✓ <math>\tan \theta = 1,892\dots</math>          ✓ <math>\theta = 62,15^\circ</math> (3)</p>
<p>3.2</p>		
	<p>In <math>\Delta ABC</math> : <math>\cos 37^\circ = \frac{8}{AC}</math>  <math>AC = 10,02m</math></p>	<p>✓ <math>\cos 37^\circ = \frac{8}{AC}</math>          ✓ <math>AC = 10,02m</math></p>

	<p>In <math>\triangle DEF</math> : <math>DF^2 = 18^2 + 8^2</math>  <math>DF = 19,7 \text{ m}</math></p> <p>Walkway/ <i>Loopvlak</i> = <math>10,02 + 50 + 19,7</math>  <math>= 79,72 \text{ m}</math></p> <p>Yes, the bridge is designed properly because  Walkway &lt; 100 m  <i>Ja, brug is reg ontwerp volgens voorskrif, want  Loopvlak &lt; 100m</i></p>	<p>✓ Pythagoras  ✓ <math>DF = 19,7 \text{ m}</math></p> <p>✓ walkway/ <i>loopvlak</i>  <math>= 79,72 \text{ m}</math></p> <p>✓ Yes/ <i>Ja</i>  ✓ reason/ <i>rede</i></p> <p style="text-align: right;">(7) L4</p>
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[11]

## QUESTION 4

4.1	$134,251 = 134^\circ 15' 04''$	<p>✓ ✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">(2)</p>
4.2	$27^\circ 36' 54'' = 27 + 0,6 + 0,015$ $= 27,615^\circ$	<p>✓ ✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">(2)</p>
4.3	$\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{2\pi}{3} = \frac{\pi}{4} \times \frac{180^\circ}{\pi} + \frac{2\pi}{3} \times \frac{180^\circ}{\pi}$ $= 45^\circ + 120^\circ$ $= 165^\circ$	<p>✓ multiplying by <math>\frac{180^\circ}{\pi}</math></p> <p>✓ <math>45^\circ</math></p> <p>✓ <math>120^\circ</math></p> <p>✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">(4)</p>
4.4	$\sin \frac{\pi}{2} + \cos \frac{\pi}{4} = \sin \frac{\pi}{2} \times \frac{180^\circ}{\pi} + \cos \frac{\pi}{4} \times \frac{180^\circ}{\pi}$ $= \sin 90^\circ + \cos 45^\circ$ $= 1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ $= \frac{2 + \sqrt{2}}{2}$	<p>✓ multiplying by <math>\frac{180^\circ}{\pi}</math> /  <i>vermenigvuldig met <math>\frac{180^\circ}{\pi}</math></i></p> <p>✓ <math>\sin 90^\circ + \cos 45^\circ</math></p> <p>✓ substitution/ <i>substitusie</i>  ✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (4)</p>
4.5	$\theta = \frac{s}{r}$ $= \frac{5}{10}$ $= 0,5 \text{ rad}$	<p>✓ formula/ <i>formule</i></p> <p>✓ substitution/ <i>substitusie</i></p> <p>✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (3)</p>

[15]

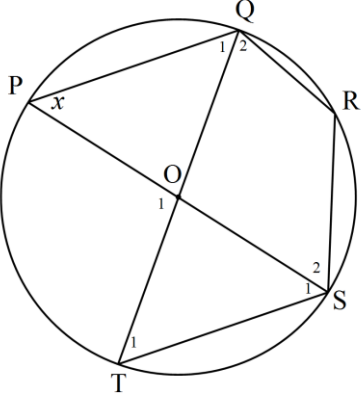
## QUESTION 5

5.1	$a = 4$ $b = 1$	✓ $a = 4$ ✓ $b = 1$ (2)
5.2	$-4 \leq y \leq 4$ or $y \in [-4;4]$	✓ answer/ antwoord (1)
5.3	$I(255,96; -0,97)$	✓ $x$ -value/ $x$ -waarde ✓ $y$ -value/ $y$ -waarde (2) Accept / Aanvaar : $x = 250^\circ$ to $265^\circ$ $y = -0,7$ to $-0,9...$
5.4.1	$x \in (90^\circ; 270^\circ)$ OR $90^\circ < x < 270^\circ$	✓ answer/ antwoord (1)
5.4.2	$x = 0^\circ$ or $x = 360^\circ$	✓ $x = 0^\circ$ ✓ $x = 360^\circ$ (2)

[8]

## QUESTION 6

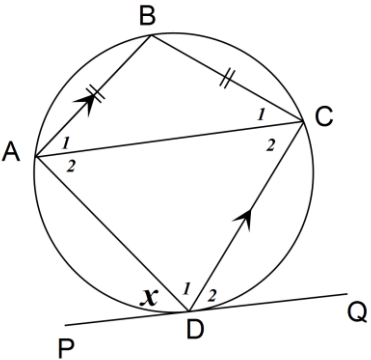
	<p><b>In question 6 – 9</b></p> <p><b>S – denotes, Statement only / slegs Bewering</b>  <b>R – denotes, Reason only / slegs Rede</b>  <b>S/R – denotes, Statement and Reason. / Bewering &amp; Rede</b></p>	
6.1		
6.1.1	<p><math>TQ = TP = 12 \text{ cm}</math> [line from centre perp to chord]          [lyn van midpt loodreg op koord]</p>	<p>✓ S ✓ R          (2)</p>
6.1.2	<p><math>OQ = OR = m + 8</math> [radii]</p>	<p>✓ S/R          (1)</p>
6.1.3	<p><math>OQ^2 = m^2 + 12^2</math> [Pythagoras]  <math>(m + 8)^2 = m^2 + 12^2</math>  <math>m^2 + 16m + 64 = m^2 + 144</math>  <math>16m = 80</math>  <math>m = 5 \text{ cm}</math></p>	<p>✓ S          ✓ substitution/ substitusie          ✓ simplification          vereenvoudiging          ✓ answer/ antwoord          (4)</p>
6.1.2	<p>radius = <math>m + 8</math>  <math>= 5 + 8</math>  <math>= 13 \text{ cm}</math></p>	<p>✓ answer/ antwoord          (1)</p>

6.2	are supplementary/ <i>is supplementêr</i>	✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (1)
6.3		
6.3.1	$\hat{Q}_1 = \hat{P} = x$ [radii] $\hat{T}_1 = \hat{P} = x$ [ $\angle$ subt by QS/ <i>onderspan deur QS</i> ]	✓ S ✓ R ✓ S ✓ R (4)
6.3.2 (a)	$\hat{R} + \hat{P} = 180^\circ$ [opp $\angle$ s of cyclic quad/ <i>teenoorst hoeke van kvh</i> ] $\hat{R} = 180^\circ - 43^\circ$ $\hat{R} = 137^\circ$ [opp $\angle$ s of cyclic quad/ <i>teenoorst hoeke van kvh</i> ]	✓ S ✓ R (2)
6.3.2 (b)	$\hat{O}_1 = 2x$ [ext $\angle$ of $\Delta POQ$ / <i>buitehoek</i> ] $\hat{O}_1 = 86^\circ$ [ext $\angle$ of $\Delta POQ$ / <i>buitehoek</i> ]	✓ S ✓ R (2)
6.3.3	$\hat{Q}_1 = \hat{T}_1 = x$ or Alt angles = / <i>verwisselende hoeke =</i>	✓ reason (1)

[18]



## QUESTION 7

7.1		
7.1.1	$\hat{C}_2 = \hat{ADP} = x \text{ [tanPD/ chord AD/ raaklyn-koord]}$ $\hat{A}_1 = \hat{C}_2 = x \text{ [Alt } \angle \text{s, AB//CD verwiss. hoeke]}$ $\hat{C}_1 = \hat{A}_1 = x \text{ [} \angle \text{s opp = sides/ } \angle \text{e teenoor = sye]}$ $\therefore \hat{ADP} = \hat{BCA} \text{ [both = } x \text{/ albei = } x \text{]}$	$\checkmark$ S $\checkmark$ R $\checkmark$ S $\checkmark$ R $\checkmark$ S/R (5)
7.1.2	$\hat{B} + \hat{A}_1 + \hat{C}_1 = 180^\circ$ $\hat{B} + x + x = 180^\circ \text{ [sum of } \angle \text{s of } \triangle ABC \text{/ som v } \angle \text{e]}$ $\hat{B} + 2x = 180^\circ$ $\therefore \hat{D}_1 = 2x \text{ [opp } \angle \text{s of quad ABCD suppl]}$ $\text{[teenst hoeke van kvh ABCD suppl]}$	$\checkmark$ S/R $\checkmark$ $\hat{B} + 2x = 180^\circ$ $\checkmark$ answer/ antwoord $\checkmark$ R (4)
7.1.3	$\hat{D}_2 + \hat{D}_1 + \hat{ADP} = 180^\circ \text{ [sum of } \angle \text{s of } \triangle ADC]}$ $\hat{D}_2 + 2x + x = 180^\circ \text{ [som van } \angle \text{e van } \triangle ADC]}$ $\hat{D}_2 + 3x = 180^\circ$ $\hat{D}_2 + 3(40^\circ) = 180^\circ$ $\hat{D}_2 = 60^\circ$	$\checkmark$ S/R $\checkmark$ substitution/ substitusie $\checkmark$ answer/ antwoord (3)

<p>7.2</p>		
	<p> <math>\hat{N} = \hat{LMR} = 65^\circ</math> [tanRM/chordLM/ raaklyn-koord]  <math>\hat{P}_1 = \hat{N} = 65^\circ</math> [corresp <math>\angle</math>s, PR // NM/ ooreenk]  <math>\hat{P}_1 = \hat{LMR} = 65^\circ</math>  <math>\therefore</math> LPMR is a cyclic quadrilateral [converse of <math>\angle</math>s in same seg]  <math>\therefore</math> LPMR is 'n kvh [hoeke in dies segment mgekeerd/  <math>LR</math> onderspan = hoeke]                 </p>	<p>                     ✓ S ✓ R                      ✓ S ✓ R                      ✓ R                      (5)                 </p>

[17]

TOTAL:100



**TAXONOMY LEVELS**

		<b>LEVEL 1</b>	<b>LEVEL 2</b>	<b>LEVEL 3</b>	<b>LEVEL 4</b>	
1.1	Analytical geometry	2				
1.2		2				
1.3				4		
1.4				7		
1.5			3			
1.6					2	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>20</b>					
2.1.1	Trigonometry	1				
2.1.2		2				
2.2.1		1				
2.2.2			3			
2.3				4		
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>11</b>					
3.1.1	Trigonometry	1				
3.1.2			3			
3.2					7	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>11</b>					
4.1	Circles, angles and angular movement	2				
4.2		2				
4.3			4			
4.4			4			
4.5		3				
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>15</b>					
5.1	Trigonometry	2				
5.2		1				
5.3			2			
5.4.1			1			
5.4.2				2		
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>8</b>					
6.1.1	Euclidean geometry	2				
6.1.2			1			
6.1.3				4		
6.2.4				2		
6.2		1				
6.3.1			4			
6.3.2(a)			3			
6.3.2(b)			2			
6.4		1				
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>18</b>				
7.1.1		Euclidean geometry			5	
7.1.2				4		
7.1.3			3			
7.2.					5	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>17</b>					
	<b>GRAND TOTAL</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>14</b>	

**CONTENT COVERED**

	<b>CONTENT</b>	<b>ACTUAL MARKS</b>	<b>%</b>
1	Analytical geometry	21	21
2	Trigonometry	41	41
3	Circle, angles and angular movement	15	15
4	Euclidean geometry	34	34
	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>

